# Puzzles and problems for Years 3 and 4



- Take five coins: 1p, 2p, 5p, 10p, 20p.
   Put them in a row using these clues.
   The total of the first three coins is 27p.
   The total of the last three coins is 31p.
   The last coin is double the value of the first coin.
- Take six coins: two 1p, two 2p and two 5p.
   Put them in a row using these clues.
   Between the two 1p coins there is one coin.
   Between the two 2p coins there are two coins.
   Between the two 5p coins there are three coins.

What if you take two 10p coins as well, and between them are four coins?



#### **Teaching objectives**

Solve word problems involving money. Explain methods and reasoning.

## Roly poly

The dots on opposite faces of a dice add up to 7.

 Imagine rolling one dice. The score is the total number of dots you can see. You score 17. Which number is face down? How did you work out your answer?



Imagine rolling two dice.
 The dice do not touch each other.



The score is the total number of dots you can see. Which numbers are face down to score 30?

### Teaching objectives

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Add three or four small numbers. Explain methods and reasoning.







#### **Teaching objectives**

Solve a given problem by organising and interpreting data in a simple table. Write whole numbers in figures; know what each digit represents.



Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Count on in steps of 2 or 3. Know multiplication facts for 2 and 3 times tables.





Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Know multiplication facts for 4 and 5 times tables. Find remainders after division.







#### **Teaching objectives**

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Know addition and subtraction facts up to 20. Add three or four small numbers mentally.



Use each of the numbers 1 to 6 once. Write one in each circle.



Numbers next to each other must not be joined. For example, 3 must not be joined to 2 or 4.

1 2 3 4 5 6

### **Teaching objectives**

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Order numbers 0 to 9. Explain methods and reasoning.





How many gold coins did Esmerelda put in each pile?



### **Teaching objectives**

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Use vocabulary of comparing and ordering numbers. Explain methods and reasoning.





Solve a given problem by organising and interpreting data in a simple table. Explain methods and reasoning.





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### **Teaching objectives**

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Know multiplication facts for 4 and 5 times tables. Find remainders after division.





### Nick-names

Dawn, Mark, Josh and Tina are friends.



They each have a nick-name.

Their nick-names are Spider, Curly, Ace and Fudgy, but not in that order.

What is the nick-name of each of the friends?

### Clues

- Josh plays tennis with Curly and goes swimming with Ace.
- Tina has been on holiday with Curly but travels to school with Fudgy.
- Spider, Curly and Dawn play in the football team.
- Spider sometimes goes to tea with Josh.

### Teaching objectives

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Solve a problem by organising information in a table. Explain methods and reasoning.



### **Stickers**

The twins collected some animal stickers. They each had the same total number.



Winston had 3 full sheets and 4 loose stickers. Wendy had 2 full sheets and 12 loose stickers.

Every full sheet has the same number of stickers. How many stickers are there in a full sheet?



#### **Teaching objectives**

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Know multiplication facts. Explain methods and reasoning.

0	dds and evens					
	You need 13 counters or coins.					
Pu	raw a 5 by 5 grid. t counters on it. u can put only one counter in eacl	h sp	ace			
1.	Place 13 counters. Get an <b>odd</b> number of them in e and the two main diagonals.	each	ı roı	v an	id co	olumn
2.	<ol> <li>Place 10 counters.</li> <li>Get an even number of them in each row and column and the two main diagonals.</li> </ol>					
Solve m Recogni:	<b>g objectives</b> athematical problems or puzzles. se odd and even numbers. methods and reasoning.					43











Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Solve a problem by organising information. Explain methods and reasoning.

Footsteps in the snow							
Little has size 2 boots.							
Middle has size 3 boots. They are one and a half times the length of Little's boots.							
Big has size 5 boots. A little boot and a middle boot are the same length as a big boot.							
They start with the heels of their boots on the same line.							
They each walk heel to toe.							
When will all three heels be in line again?							
Teaching objectivesSolve mathematical problems or puzzles. Recognise multiples of 2, 3 and 5.							

## Ski lift

On a ski lift the chairs are equally spaced. They are numbered in order from 1.

Kelly went skiing. She got in chair 10 to go to the top of the slopes.

Exactly half way to the top, she passed chair 100 on its way down.

How many chairs are there on the ski lift?

Make up more problems like this.

### **Teaching objectives**

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Solve a problem by organising information. Explain methods and reasoning.

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### Lighthouses

On the coast there are three lighthouses.



The first light shines for 3 seconds, then is off for 3 seconds.

The second light shines for 4 seconds, then is off for 4 seconds.

The third light shines for 5 seconds, then is off for 5 seconds.

All three lights have just come on together. When is the first time that all three lights will be off? When is the next time that all three lights will come on at the same moment?

### **Teaching objectives**

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Recognise multiples of 6, 8 and 10. Explain methods and reasoning.

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